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ABSTRACT

A convenient approach to modify bioactive substrates such as daunorubicin, cytisine, and camphecene with a pentafluorosulfanylvinyl moiety have been suggested. F_5S -CH = CH derivatives of daunorubicin were obtained by acylation with reactive 4-nitrophenyl-4-(pentafluoro- λ^6 -sulfanyl)alkenyl carbonates, while the corresponding conjugates of anthracycline antibiotic daunorubicin, alkaloid cytisine and camphecene were synthesized using a click chemistry procedure.

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KEYWORDS

Fluorosulfanylvinyl derivatives; daunorubicin; cytisine; camphecene; click reactions

1. Introduction

During last few decades, the applications of fluorinated compounds have been rapidly expanding. They are successfully used as medications, agrochemicals, polymers, solvents, heat transfer fluids, plant protection products, etc. [1–3]. A wide spectrum of useful properties of fluorinated compounds is determined by unique electronic and steric properties of the fluorine atom. Recently, the focus of attention has turned to the pentafluorosulfanyl group (SF₅) which occupies a special place among the polyfluorinated substituents. This group is sometimes referred to as a 'super-trifluoromethyl group' but there are distinct differences between the properties of SF₅ and the CF₃ group [4]. The pentafluorosulfanyl group, SF₅, is more sterically demanding and is characterized by a different molecular geometry characterized by pyramidal electron density, while CF₃ has an inverted cone